

European Technical Approval ETA-10/0130

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name	Mungo Injektionssystem MIT-SE Plus für Beton Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for concrete
Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval	Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG Bornfeldstrasse 2 4603 OLTEN SCHWEIZ
Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck	Verbunddübel mit Ankerstange zur Verankerung im Beton
Generic type and use of construction product	Bonded Anchor with Anchor rod for use in concrete
Geltungsdauer: vom Validity: from	20 June 2013
bis to	15 May 2018
Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant	Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG , Plant10 Germany

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains

Diese Zulassung ersetzt This Approval replaces



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals

ETA-10/0130 mit Geltungsdauer vom 10.05.2010 bis 13.11.2013

ETA-10/0130 with validity from 10.05.2010 to 13.11.2013

33 Seiten einschließlich 24 Anhänge

33 pages including 24 annexes



Page 2 of 33 | 20 June 2013

LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011⁶;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

- ² Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
- ³ Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
- ⁴ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

⁶ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

⁶ Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



Page 3 of 33 | 20 June 2013

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The "Mungo Injection system MIT-SE Plus for concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar Mungo MIT-SE Plus and a steel element. The steel elements are commercial threaded rods according to Annex 3 in the range of M8 to M30 or reinforcing bar according to Annex 4 in the range of diameter 8 to 32 mm.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval.

The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in cracked and non-cracked concrete.

The anchor may also be used under seismic action for performance category C1 according to Annex 23.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete.

The anchor sizes diameter 8 mm to 16 mm may also be installed in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I:	-40 °C to +40 °C	(max long term temperature +24 °C and
		max short term temperature +40 °C)
Temperature range II:	-40 °C to +80 °C	(max long term temperature +50 °C and
		max short term temperature +80 °C)
Temperature range III:	-40 °C to +120 °C	(max long term temperature +72 °C and
		max short term temperature +120 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of zinc plated or hot dip galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

Elements made of stainless steel:

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4571 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e. g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



Page 4 of 33 | 20 June 2013

Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e. g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 or CEN/TS 1992-4:2009. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1: 2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in the Annexes. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in the Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in the Annexes.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in coaxial cartridges of sizes 150 ml, 280 ml, 300 ml, 310 ml, 330 ml, 380 ml, 410 ml or 420 ml, in side-by side-cartridges of sizes 235 ml, 345 ml or 825 ml or in foil tube cartridges of sizes 165 ml or 300 ml according to Annex 2. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "Mungo MIT-SE Plus", with processing notes, charge code, storage life, hazard code and curing- and processing time depending on temperature.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 4.

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 1 and ETAG 001 Annex E "Assessment of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action".

7

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



Page 5 of 33 | 20 June 2013

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

⁸ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

⁹ The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



Page 6 of 33 | 20 June 2013

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control, in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the holder of the approval (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001, Option 1, seismic anchor performance category C1),
- size.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.



Page 7 of 33 | 20 June 2013

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed either in accordance with the

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the

- EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors"¹⁰
- or in accordance with the
- CEN/TS 1992-4:2009

and EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Anchorages shall be positioned outside of critical regions (e.g. plastic hinges) of the concrete structure. Fastenings in stand-off installation or with a grout layer under seismic action are not covered by this European technical approval.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 or CEN/TS 1992-4:2009. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the rebars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision
 of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 3,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,

The Technical Report TR 029 "Design of Bonded Anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.



Page 8 of 33 | 20 June 2013

- marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 4,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling only,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 6 to 8,
- during installation and curing of the chemical mortar the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least -10 °C; the temperature; observing the curing time according to Annex 7, Table 4 until the anchor may be loaded,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes of diameter d₀ > 20 mm piston plugs according to Annex 8 shall be used for overhead or horizontal injection,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 5 must not be exceeded.

5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval.

In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.



Page 9 of 33 | 20 June 2013

5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

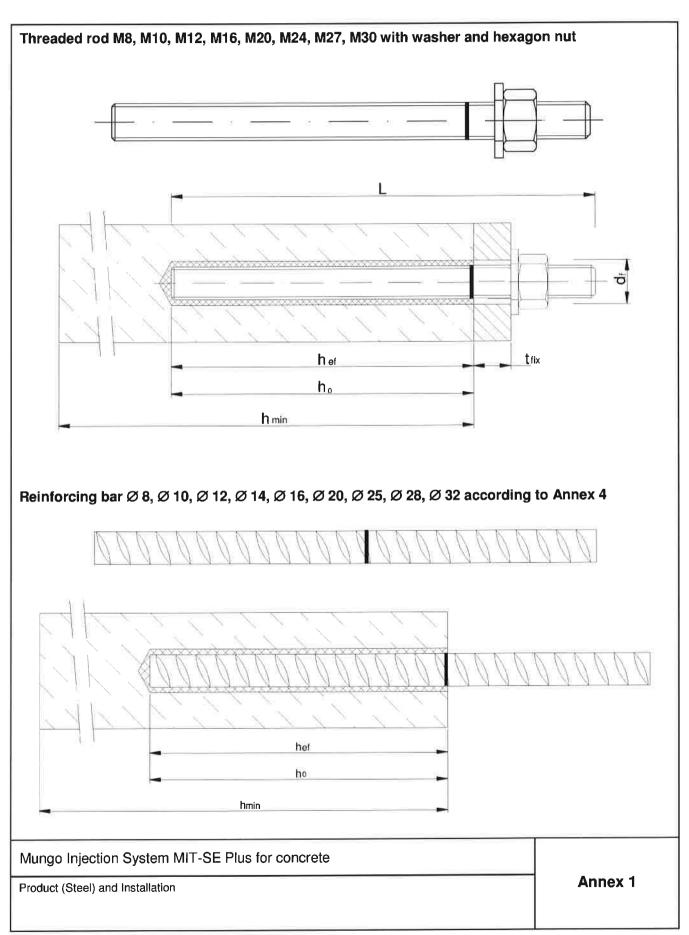
Cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Cartridges may be packed separately from metal parts.

Andreas Kummerow p.p. Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

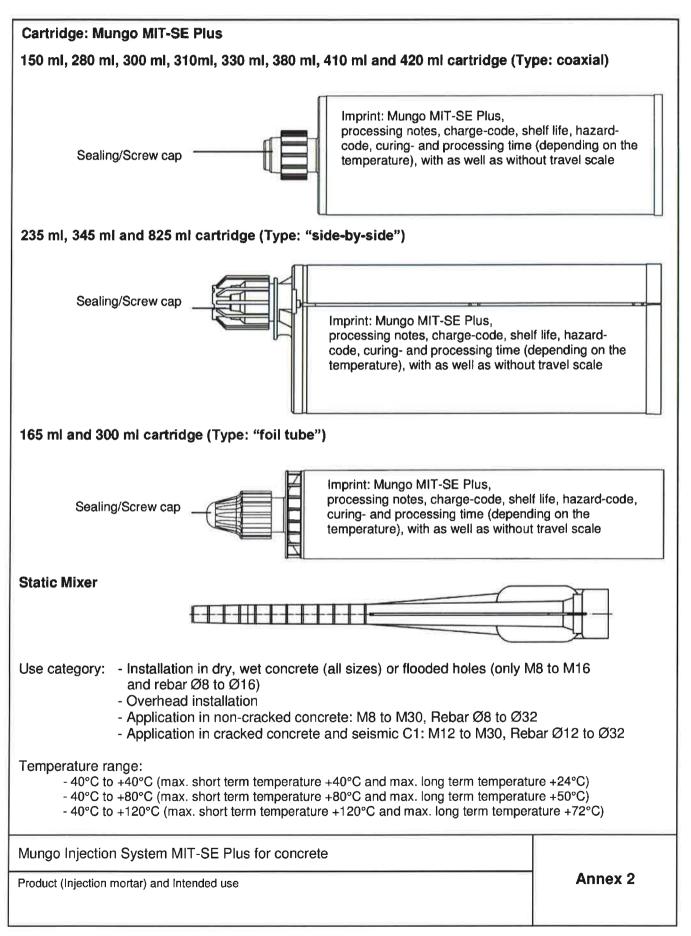
Page 10 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013





Page 11 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013





Page 12 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



	line i	Lges				
		ь. ,				
	2 3 1	h _{ef}				
		(
	<u> </u>	5				
	hel					
Part	Designation	Material				
	, zinc plated \geq 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 404					
not-c	lip galvanised ≥ 40 µm acc. to EN ISO ′ │	1461 and EN ISO 10684 Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263				
1	Anchor rod	Property class 4.6, 5.8, 8.8, EN ISO 898-1:19	99			
_		Property class 4 (for class 4.6 rod) EN ISO 898-2,				
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Property class 5 (for class 5.8 rod) EN ISO 89 Property class 8 (for class 8.8 rod) EN ISO 89				
°	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089,					
3	EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Steel, zinc plated or hot-dip galvanised				
Stain	less steel					
	Anobor rod	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571, EN 10088- > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506	1:2005,			
1	Anchor rod	\leq M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506				
		Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571 EN 10088,				
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	 > M24: Property class 50 (for class 50 rod) EN ISO 3506 ≤ M24: Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506 				
	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089,					
3	EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4571, EN 10088	5			
High	corrosion resistance steel					
		Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088-1:2005,				
1	Anchor rod	> M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506				
_		≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506 Material 1.4529 / 1.4565 EN 10088,				
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	> M24: Property class 50 (for class 50 rod) Ef	N ISO 3506			
		Sector				
3	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088				
Com	mercial standard rod with:					
	Materials, dimensions and mechanica					
	Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. to EN 1 Marking of embedment depth	0204:2004				
Mun	go Injection System MIT-SE Plus for	concrete				
	ials (Threaded rod)		Annex 3			
Make						

Page 13 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Table 1b: Mate	erials (Rebar)						
	enais (nebai)						
Abstract of EN 19	h _{ef} 92-1-1 Annex C, Table C. ⁻	1, Properties of reinforcemen					
Bars and de-colled rods							
Class		B	С				
Characteristic yield str	ength f _{yk} or f _{0,2k} (N/mm²)	400 to	600				
Minimum value of k =	(f ₁ / f _y) _k	≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35				
Characteristic strain at ε _{uk} (%)	maximum force	≥ 5,0	≥ 7,5				
Bendability	end test						
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm) ≤ 8 > 8	± 6, ± 4,					
Abstract of EN 19	92-1-1 Annex C, Table C.2	2N, Properties of reinforceme	nt:				
Product form		Bars and de-					
Class		В	С				
Min. value of related rip area f _{R,min}	nominal diameter of the rebar (mm) 8 to 12 > 12						
(d: Nominal diameter	shall be in the range 0,05d ≤ h of the bar; h: Rip height of the post-installed rebar as anchor	e bar)					
Mungo Injection Sys	stem MIT-SE Plus for conci	rete					
Materials (Reinforcing ba	ar)	5	Annex 4				

Page 14 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt

Deutsches Institut	
für Bautechnik	DIBt

Table 2: Installation parameters for threaded rod									
Anchor size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d ₀ [mm] =	10	12	14	18	24	28	32	35
	h _{ef,min} [mm] =	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
Effective anchorage depth	h _{e1,max} [mm] =	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f [mm] ≤	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Diameter of steel brush	d _b [mm] ≥	12	14	16	20	26	30	34	37
Torque moment	T _{inst} [Nm] ≤	10	20	40	80	120	160	180	200
Thislans of findame	t _{fix,min} [mm] >	0							
Thickness of fixture	t _{fix,max} [mm] <	1500							
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min} [mm]	h. + 30 mm							
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150

Table 3: Installation parameters for rebar

	-									
Rebar size		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Nominal drill hole diameter	ominal drill hole diameter d_0 [mm] =		14	16	18	20	24	32	35	40
	h _{et,min} [mm] =	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef,max} [mm] =	160	200	240	280	320	400	480	540	640
Diameter of steel brush	d _b [mm] ≥	14	16	18	20	22	26	34	37	41,5
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min} [mm]	•	30 mm 0 mm	h _{ei} + 2d ₀						
Minimum spacing	s _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160
Minimum edge distance	c _{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for concrete

Installation parameters

Annex 5

Page 15 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Installation inst	ructions							
	Drill with hammer drill a hole into the base material to the size and embed depth required by the selected anchor (Table 2 or Table 3).							
	Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed 2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump (Annex 8) a minim the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used	clean with um of four times. If						
or	The hand-pump can be used for anchor sizes up to bore hole diameter 20 m For bore holes larger then 20 mm or deeper 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 must be used.							
	 2b. Check brush diameter (Table 5) and attach the brush to a drillin or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate size > d_{b,min} (Table 5) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush ex shall be used (Table 5). 	ed wire brush						
or	 2C. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 based (Annex 8) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not extension shall be used. The hand-pump can be used for anchor sizes up to bore hole d For bore holes larger then 20 mm or deeper 240 mm, compress must be used. 	ot reached an iameter 20 mm.						
14.1 14.1	After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore the cleaning repeated has to be directly before dispensing In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.	hole. If necessary, the mortar.						
	3. Attach a supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load correct dispensing tool. Cut off the foil tube clip before use. For every working interruption longer than the recommended w as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.	-						
hat at	 Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled bore hole, the pose embedment depth shall be marked on the anchor rods. 	sition of the						
min. 3 full stroke	 Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately full strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive component shows a consistent grey colour. For foil tube cartridges is must be minimum of six full strokes. 	nts until the mortar						
/ungo Injection Sy	stem MIT-SE Plus for concrete							
nstallation instructions		Annex 6						

Page 16 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt



Installation inst	ructions (continuation)
	6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used. For overhead and horizontal installation a piston plug (Annex 8) and extension nozzle shall be used. Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table 4.
	Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
	8. Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed. For overhead application the anchor rod should be fixed (e.g. wedges).
+20"	9. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load or torque. Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table 4).
	10. After full curing, the add-on part can be installed with the max. torque (Table 2) by using a calibrated torque wrench.

Table 4: Minimum curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ²⁾
≥ -10 °C ¹⁾	90 min	24 h
≥ -5 °C	90 min	14 h
≥ 0 °C	45 min	7 h
≥ +5 °C	25 min	2 h
≥ + 10 °C	15 min	80 min
≥ + 20 °C	6 min	45 min
≥ + 30 °C	4 min	25 min
≥ + 35 °C	2 min	20 min
≥ + 40 °C	1,5 min	15 min

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for concrete

Installation instructions (continuation) Curing time

Annex 7

Page 17 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt



Steel brush



Table 5: Parameter cleaning and setting tools

Threaded Rod	Rebar	d₀ Drill bit - Ø	d _⊳ Brush - Ø	d _{b,min} min. Brush - Ø	Piston plug (No.)	
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)		
M8		10	12	10,5		
M10	8	12	14	12,5		
M12	10	14	16	14,5	No nistan nlug	
	12	16	18	16,5	piston plug required	
M16	14	18	20	18,5		
	16	20	22	20,5		
M20	20	24	26	24,5	# 24	
M24		28	30	28,5	# 28	
M27	25	32	34	32,5	# 32	
M30	28	35	37	35,5	# 35	
	32	40	41,5	40,5	# 38	



Hand pump (volume 750 ml) Drill bit diameter (d₀): 10 mm to 20 mm



Rec. compressed air tool (min 6 bar) Drill bit diameter (d₀): 10 mm to 40 mm

Piston plug for overhead or horizontal installation Drill bit diameter (d₀): 24 mm to 40 mm

Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for concrete

Cleaning and setting tools

Annex 8

Z54090.13

Page 18 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Steel failure Characteristic tension resis	nchor size threaded rod						M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
					h							
iteel, property class 4.6		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224	
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾					2	,0				
Characteristic tension resistance,		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	176	230	280	
Steel, property class 5.8 Characteristic tension resis Steel, property class 8.8	tance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196	282	368	449	
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} 1)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1,	50				
Characteristic tension resis Stainless steel A4 and HCF property class 50 (>M24) ai	۲,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171	247	230	281	
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} 1)				, 1,	87			2,	86	
Combined pull-out and co	oncrete cone failure	.										
Characteristic bond resistar	nce in non-cracked cond	crete C20	/25									
Temperature range I ⁵): 40°C/24°C flooded bore hole		τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	10	12	12	12	12	11	10	9	
		τ _{Rik,ucr}	[N/mm²]	7,5	8,5	8,5	8,5		not adr	missible		
Temperature range II ⁵⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	7,5	9	9	9	9	9 8,5		6,5	
00°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rik,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5 6,5 6,5 not admit			nissible			
Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 120°C/72°C	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	5,5	5,0	
	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rik,ucr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	5,0	5,0	5,0		not admissible			
		C30/37 1,04						04				
Increasing factors for concr Vo	ete	C40/50	40/50 1,08					08				
		C50/60					1,	10				
Splitting failure												
Edge distance		C _{or,sp}	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \le 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$								
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				2 0	cr.sp				
Partial safety factor (dry and	d wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc}$	= γ _{Msp} ¹⁾	1,5 ²⁾	1,5 ²⁾ 1			1,8 ³⁾	I,8 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded	d bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc}$	$= \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$	2,14)				not admissible				
²⁾ The partial safety ³⁾ The partial safety	ther national regulation γ_{1} factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.0$ is incl γ_{1} factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.2$ is incl γ_{1} factor $\gamma_{2} = 1.4$ is incl section 1.2	uded. uded.										
Mungo Injection Sy	stem MIT-SE Plu	s for co	oncrete									

Page 19 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt



Anchor size threaded roo	d			M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure									
Characteristic tension resis Steel, property class 4.6	stance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾				2	,0		
Characteristic tension resis Steel, property class 5.8	stance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	42	78	122	176	230	280
Characteristic tension resis Steel, property class 8.8	stance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	67	125	196	282	368	449
Partial safety factor		Υ _{Ms,N} 1)				1,	50		
Characteristic tension resis Stainless steel A4 and HC property class 50 (>M24) a	R,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	59	110	171	247	230	281
Partial safety factor		Υ _{Μs,N} 1)			1,	87		2,	86
Combined pull-out and c	oncrete cone fallure								
Characteristic bond resista	ance in cracked concrete C20)/25							
Temperature range I4):	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0		not ad	missible	
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	T _{Rik,or}	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rik,or}	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0		not adı	missible	
		C30/37	,			1,	04		
Increasing factors for conc ⊭₀	rrete	C40/50					08		
		C50/60				1,	10		
Splitting failure						(.)		
Edge distance		C _{or,sp}	[mm]		1,0 ⋅ h _{ef} ±	≤2 · h _{ef} (2	$(5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}})$	≤ 2,4 · h _{ef}	
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]			2 0	Par,sp		
Partial safety factor (dry ar	nd wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{N}$	$A_{\rm Rc} = \gamma_{\rm Msp}^{1}$			1,	8 ²⁾		
Partial safety factor (floode	ed bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_N$	$A_{\rm fc} = \gamma_{\rm Msp}^{1}$	2	,1 ³⁾		not ad	missible	
²⁾ The partial safet	her national regulations y factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is include y factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is include e section 1.2								
Mungo Injection S	ystem MIT-SE Plus fo		to						

Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action

Page 20 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Table 7: Design according cracked and non-										
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure without lever arm										
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 4.6	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} v ¹⁾					1,	67			
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)					1,	25			
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} v ¹⁾				1,	56			2,	38
Steel failure with lever arm										
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 4.6	M ⁰ Rk,s	[Nm]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)					1,0	67			
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} v ¹⁾					1,;	25			
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 ($>M24$) and 70 ($\leq M24$)	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				1,	56			2,	38
Concrete pry-out failure										
Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors						2,	,0			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾					1,5	0 ²⁾			
Concrete edge failure			A1							
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for	or the desig	in of Bond	ed Anchoi	rs						
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ma} ¹⁾					1,5	0 ²⁾			
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is include	ded.									
Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Pl	us for co	oncrete								
Application with threaded rod Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic value under static and quasi-static action	s for shea	ar loads ir	n cracked	l and nor	n-cracke	d concre	te	An	nex 11	

Page 21 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

	gn according cracked conc								ion le	bads	in	
Anchor size reinforcing ba	ır			Ø8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension resista reinforcing bar according to		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]				1	$A_s \propto f_{uk}^{6}$	1			
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} 1)				TR 02	9 Sectio	on 3.2.2	.2, Eq. 3	9.3a ⁶⁾		
Combined pull-out and co	ncrete cone failure			11								
Characteristic bond resistan	ce in uncracked conci	rete C20/25										
Temperature range I ⁵ :	dry and wet concrete	T _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	10	12	12	12	12	12	11	10	8,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	7,5	8,5	8,5	8,5	8,5		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range II ⁵⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	7,5	9	9	9	9	9	8,0	7,0	6,0
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5		not adı	missible	
Temperature range III ⁵⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0		not adr	nissible	
		C30/37						1,04				
Increasing factors for concre	ite	C40/50						1,08				
		C50/60						1,10				
Splitting failure												
Edge distance		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1	,0 ⋅ h _{ef} :	≤2 ⋅ h _e	2,5 -	<u>h</u> h _{ef})≤	2,4 · h _e	1	
Axial distance		S _{or.sp}	[mm]					2 c _{cr,sp}				
Partial safety factor (dry and	wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} =$	ΎΜsp ¹⁾	1,5 ²⁾				1,	8 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded	bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} =$	Ύмsp ¹⁾			2,14)				not adr	nissible	
 In absence of othe ²⁾ The partial safety ³⁾ The partial safety ⁴⁾ The partial safety ⁵⁾ Explanations see ⁶⁾ f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevan Regarding design of pos 	factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is inc factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is inc factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is inc factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is inc section 1.2 t Technical Specific	eluded. Sluded. Sluded. Cation for t										
Mungo Injection Sys	stem MIT-SE Plu	us for cor	ncrete									
Application with reinforci Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for	-	n-cracked	concrete u	nder sta	tic and	quasi-s	static ad	otion		AUD	ex 12	

Page 22 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

	gn according to TR ked concrete under						ension	loads	s in	
Anchor size reinforcing ba	ar			Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure										
Characteristic tension resist reinforcing bar according to		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]				$A_s \propto f_{uk}^{5)}$			
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾			TR	029 Sect	ion 3.2.2.	.2, Eq. 3.3	3a ⁵⁾	
Combined pull-out and co	ncrete cone failure									
Characteristic bond resistan	ce in cracked concrete C20/25									
Temperature range I4):	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5	5,5		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0	4,0		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0	3,0		not adr	nissible	
		C30/37	,				1,04			
Increasing factors for concre Ψ_{c}	ete	C40/50)				1,08			
		C50/60)				1,10			
Splitting failure										
Edge distance		C _{or,sp}	[mm]		1,0 · h _e	_f ≤2·h,	_{ef} (2,5 –	<mark>h</mark> h _{ef})≤2	2,4 · h _{ef}	
Axial distance		S _{or,sp}	[mm]				2 c _{cr.sp}			
Partial safety factor (dry and	wet concrete)		$M_{\rm C} = \gamma_{\rm Msp}^{1)}$				1,8 ²⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded	bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_N$	$A_{C} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$		2,1 ³⁾			not adr	nissible	
 ²⁾ The partial safety ³⁾ The partial safety ⁴⁾ Explanations see ⁵⁾ f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevar 	er national regulations factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. section 1.2 at Technical Specification for st-installed rebar as anchor s									
Mungo Injection Sys	stem MIT-SE Plus for c	oncrete)							,
Application with reinforc Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for	ing bar tension loads in cracked co	ncrete u	nder static a	and quas	i-static a	action		An	nex 1:	5

Page 23 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt



....

Table 9: Design accord and non-crack										n crac	ked
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]				0,5	i0 x A _s x f	: 3) uk			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				TR 02	29 Sectio	n 3.2.2.2	, Eq. 3.3	b+c ³⁾		
Steel failure with lever arm											
Characteristic bending moment, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]				1.3	2 ∙W _{el} ∙ f _t	3) k			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾				TR 02	29 Sectio	n 3.2.2.2	, Eq. 3.3	b+c ³⁾		
Concrete pry-out failure											
Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technical Repor TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	t						2,0				
Partial safety factor	γ _{Μερ} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾				
Concrete edge failure											
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR ()29 for the de	sign of Bo	onded Ar	nchors							
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾				
¹⁾ In absence of other national regula ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is i ³⁾ f _{uk} , f _{yk} see relevant Technical Spec Regarding design of post-installed re	ncluded. ification for bar as anch	lor see c	hapter 4								
Mungo Injection System MIT-SE	E Plus for	concre	ete								
Application with reinforcing bar Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic v under static and quasi-static action	values for st	near load	ds in cra	icked an	d non-c	racked	concrete		Anı	14 14 14	•

Page 24 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Anchor size threaded rod				M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure				1	1				· · · ·		
Characteristic tension resist	ance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Steel, property class 4.6 Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾					2	.0			
Characteristic tension resist	ance,	N _{Rk.s}	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	176	230	280
Steel, property class 5.8 Characteristic tension resist	ance	_						·			-
Steel, property class 8.8		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196	282	368	449
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} 1)					1,	50	r		r
Characteristic tension resist: Stainless steel A4 and HCR property class 50 (>M24) and	,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171	247	230	281
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} 1)				1,	87			2,	86
Combined pull-out and co	ncrete failure										
Characteristic bond resistan	ce in non-cracked concrete	e C20/25									
Temperature range I ⁵⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	10	12	12	12	12	11	10	9
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	TRKuar	[N/mm²]	7,5	8,5	8,5	8,5		not adr	missible	
Temperature range II ⁵⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	7,5	9	9	9	9	8,5	7,5	6,5
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,uer}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5		not adr	missible	
Temperature range III5):	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,uor}	[N/mm ²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	5,5	5,0
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	4,0	5,0	5,0	5,0		not ad	missible	
	a ₁₀	C30/37	-117/				1,	04			
Increasing factors for concre Vo	ete	C40/50					1,	08			
τι. 		C50/60					1,	10			
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6	.2.2.3	k ₈	[-]				10),1			
Concrete cone failure											
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6	231	k _{uar}	[-]				10	0,1			
Edge distance	.2.0.1	C _{cr,N}	[mm]				1,5	i h _{el}			
Axial distance		S _{cr,N}	[mm]				3,0	h _{el}			
Splitting failure			- <u>h</u>				1	•			
Edge distance		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1	,0 ⋅ h _{ef} ≤	$2 \cdot h_{ef} (2,$	$5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}$	≤ 2,4 · h,	eí	
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				2 0	or,sp			
Partial safety factor (dry and	wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc}$	$= \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$	1,5 ²⁾				1,8 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded	bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc}$			2,	1 ⁴⁾			not ad	missible	
²⁾ The partial safety ³⁾ The partial safety	er national regulations factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is include factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is include factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is include section 1.2	ed.									
Mungo Injection Sys	stem MIT-SE Plus f	or concre	ete								
Application with threader Design according to CE Characteristic values for	V/TS 1992-4	acked con	crete under	static a	Ind quas	si-static	action		Ann	ex 15	

Page 25 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Steel failure Characteristic tension resista Steel, property class 4.6				M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M27	M30
				N					
Steel, property class 4.6	ance,	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾				2	,0		<u>.</u>
Characteristic tension resista	ance,	NRk.s	[kN]	42	78	122	176	230	280
Steel, property class 5.8 Characteristic tension resista	ance,			67	125	196	282	368	449
Steel, property class 8.8			[kN]	0/	120			300	449
Partial safety factor Characteristic tension resista Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and	,	γ _{Ms,N} ¹⁾ N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	59	110	1, 171	50 247	230	281
Partial safety factor		γ _{Ms,N} 1)	1		1,	87		2,	86
Combined pull-out and co	ncrete failure			I					
Characteristic bond resistand		0/25							
Femperature range I ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	TRk.cr	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
10°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,or	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5		not adr	nissible	<u>.</u>
Temperature range II4):	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
30°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0		not adr	nissible	
Femperature range III ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	3,0	3,0		not adr	nissible	
(C30/37			_	1,	04		
ncreasing factors for concre Vc	te	C40/50				1,	08		
		C50/60				1,	10		
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.	2.2.3	k ₈	[-]			7	,2		
Concrete cone failure				r					
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.	2.3.1	k _{er}	[-]			7	,2		
Edge distance		C _{cr,N}	[mm]			1,5	i h _{et}		
Axial distance		S _{cr,N}	[mm]			3,0) h _{ef}		
Splitting failure									
Edge distance		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,0 · h _{ef} :	≤2·h _{ef} (2,	$\left(5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le $	≤2,4 ⋅ h _{ef}	
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]			2 0	cr,sp		
Partial safety factor (dry and	wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Ms}$, I) , I)			1,8	8 ²⁾		
Partial safety factor (flooded	bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}$		2,	1 ³⁾		not adr	nissible	
²⁾ The partial safety f	er national regulations factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is include factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is include section 1.2	ed.							
Mungo Injection Sys	tem MIT-SE Plus f	or concrete						nex 1	

Page 26 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013

English translation prepared by DIBt



Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure without lever arm										
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 4.6	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms.v} ¹⁾					1,0	67			
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾					1,:	25		.	
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ^{1]}				1,	56			2,	38
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	k ₂					0	,8			
Steel failure with lever arm										
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 4.6	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ,v ⁽¹⁾				·	1,(67			
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M ⁰ Rk,s	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ,ν ¹⁾					1,:	25			
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (≤ M24)	M ⁰ Rk,s	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,v} 1)				1,	56			2,	38
Concrete pry-out failure	*									
Factor in equation (27) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	k3					2	,0			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} ¹⁾					1,5	0 ²⁾			
Concrete edge failure ³⁾										
Effective length of anchor	4	[mm]				l₁ ≃ min(h	ei;8 d _{nom})			
Outside diameter of anchor	d _{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾					1,5	0 2)			
¹⁾ In absence of other national ²⁾ The partial safety factor γ_2 = ³⁾ See CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Secti	1.0 is includ	led.								
Mungo Injection System MIT-SE	Plus for co	oncrete								
Application with threaded rod Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4, Ch	aracteristic static action	values for s	shear loa	ds in cra	icked an	d non-		An	nex 17	7

Z54090.13

Page 27 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



	sign according to ds in non-cracke										n	
Anchor size reinforcing t	bar			Ø8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure				1			·					
Characteristic tension resis reinforcing bar according to		N _{Rk,s}	[kN]					A _s x f _{uk} ⁶)			
Partial safety factor		YMs,N ¹⁾			С	EN/TS 1	992-4-1	Section	4.4.3.1	.1, Eq. 4	6)	
Combined pull-out and c	oncrete failure											
Characteristic bond resista	nce in non-cracked concre	te C20/2	5									
Temperature range I ⁵⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	T _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	10	12	12	12	12	12	11	10	8,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	7,5	8,5	8,5	8,5	8,5		not adr	nissible	
	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,uer}	[N/mm²]	7,5	9	9	9	9	9	8,0	7,0	6,0
Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5		not adr	nissible	
5)	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,uer}	[N/mm ²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5
Temperature range III ⁵ : 120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,uor}	[N/mm ²]	4,0	5,0	5,0	5.0	5,0			nissible	
		C30/37	[[]	.,.	-,-	-,-	-1-	1,04				
Increasing factors for conc	rete	C40/50						1,08				
Ψ¢		C50/60						1,10				
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section	6.2.2.3	k ₈	[-]					10,1				
Concrete cone failure												
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section	6231	Kuar	[-]					10,1				
Edge distance		C _{cr,N}	[mm]					1,5 h _{el}				
Axial distance		S _{cr,N}	[mm]					3,0 h _{el}				
Splitting failure												
Edge distance		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]			1,0 · h,	_{ef} ≤2 ⋅ h _e	ef (2,5	<u>h</u> h _{ef})≤2	,4 ⋅ h _{eí}		
Axial distance		S _{cr.sp}	[mm]					2 C _{or.sp}				
Partial safety factor (dry an	d wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_M$	$c = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$	1,5 ²⁾				1,8	8 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (floode	d bore hole)		$_{c} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$			2,14)				not adr	nissible	
 ²⁾ The partial safety ³⁾ The partial safety ⁴⁾ The partial safety ⁵⁾ Explanations see 	her national regulations γ factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is include γ factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is include γ factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is include γ section 1.2 Int Technical Specification	led. led.	ne reinforc	ing bar								
Regarding design of po	st-installed rebar as an	chor see	e chapter 4	.2								
Mungo Injection Sy	stem MIT-SE Plus	for cor	ncrete									
Application with reinford Design according to C Characteristic values for	N/TS 1992-4	cracked	concrete u	nder sta	atic and	quasi-	static a	ction		Anne	ex 18	

Page 28 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Table 12b: Desig in cra	gn according to acked concrete						es for	tensio	on load	ds
Anchor size reinforcing b	par			Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure										
Characteristic tension resis according to Annex 4	stance, reinforcing bar	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]				A _s x f _{uk} ⁵⁾			
Partial safety factor		γм _{5,N} ¹⁾			CEN/TS	5 1992-4-	1 Section	4.4.3.1.1	, Eq. 4 ⁵⁾	
Combined pull-out and co	oncrete failure			······						
Characteristic bond resista	nce in cracked concrete	C20/25								
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
40°Ċ/24°C	flooded bore hole	T _{Rk,or}	[N/mm ²]	5,5	5,5	5,5		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range II4):	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rik,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rik,cr}	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0	4,0		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ :	dry and wet concrete	TRK,cr	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,cr	[N/mm²]	3,0	3,0	3,0		not adr	nissible	
		C30/37			·		1,04			
Increasing factors for concr	rete	C40/50					1,08			
Ψο		C50/60					1,10			
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section (6.2.2.3	k ₈	[-]				7,2			
Concrete cone failure		A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4								
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6	6.2.3.1	k _{er}	[-]				7,2			
Edge distance		C _{cr,N}	[mm]	-1			1,5 h _{el}			
Axial distance		S _{αr,N}	[mm]	τ.			3,0 h _{el}			
Splitting failure										
Edge distance		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]		1,0 ·	h _{eſ} ≤2⋅h	$e_{\rm ef}\left(2,5-\frac{1}{1}\right)$	<u>h</u> n _{ef})≤2,4	∙h _{ef}	
Axial distance		S _{or,sp}	[mm]				2 c _{or,sp}			
Partial safety factor (dry and	d wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$					1,8 ²⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded	d bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{11}$			2,1 ³⁾			not adr	nissible	
²⁾ The partial safety ³⁾ The partial safety ⁴⁾ Explanations see	nt Technical Specifica	uded. uded. ation for the rei	_							
Mungo Injection Sy		s for concret	e					A		
Application with reinford Design according to C Characteristic values fo	N/TS 1992-4	cked concrete u	Inder static a	and quas	si-static a	action		An	nex 19	,

Page 29 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Table 13: Design according in cracked and no	to CEN/TS n-cracked	5 1992 сопс	-4: C rete ι	hara Inder	cteris stati	tic va c and	alues d qua	for s si-sta	hear atic a	loads ction	6
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel fallure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]				0,5	0 x A _s x ⁻	f _{uk} 4)			
Partial safety factor	γ _{MS,V} ¹⁾			CEI	N/TS 199	92-4-1 S	Section 4	.4.3.1.1	, Eq. 5 +	- 6 ⁴⁾	
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	k ₂						0,8				
Steel failure with lever arm											
Characteristic bending moment, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]				1.2	2 ·W _{el} · f _i	4) JK			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} ¹⁾			CEI	N/TS 199	92-4-1 5	Section 4	1.4.3.1.1	, Eq. 5 +	- 6 ⁴⁾	
Concrete pry-out failure											
Factor in equation (27) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	k3						2,0				
Partial safety factor	Умср ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾				
Concrete edge failure ³⁾	0										
Effective length of anchor	36.	[mm]				l _t = m	nin(h _{el} ; 8	d _{nom})			
Outside diameter of anchor	d _{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	24	27	30
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾						1,50 ²⁾				
¹⁾ In absence of other national reg ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ ³⁾ See CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section ⁴⁾ f _{uk} , f _{yk} see relevant Technical Sp Regarding design of post-installed	is included. 6.3.4 pecification for			-							
Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plu Application with reinforcing bar Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4, Chara			ear load	ls in cra	acked a	nd non	-		Anne	ex 20	
cracked concrete under static and quasi-stati											

Page 30 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



0,037 (0,063 (0,090 (0,063 (3 0,026 3 0,037 6 0,063 1 0,090 6 0,063 1 0,090	0,031 0,045 0,075 0,108 0,075 0,108	0,	0,041 0,060 0,100 0,145 0,100 0,145 0,145 070 105 170	0,045 0,065 0,110 0,159 0,110 0,159	0,049 0,071 0,119 0,172 0,119 0,172
0,037 (0,063 (0,090 (0,063 (3 0,037 6 0,063 1 0,090 6 0,063	0,045 0,075 0,108 0,075	0,052 0,088 0,127 0,088 0,127 0,127	0,060 0,100 0,145 0,100 0,145 0,100 0,145	0,065 0,110 0,159 0,110	0,071 0,119 0,172 0,119
0,063 (0,090 (0,063 (6 0,063 1 0,090 6 0,063	0,075 0,108 0,075	0,088 0,127 0,088 0,127 0,127	0,100 0,145 0,100 0,145 0,145 0,145	0,110 0,159 0,110	0,119 0,172 0,119
0,090 (0,063 (1 0,090 6 0,063	0,108 0,075	0,127 0,088 0,127 0,1 0,1	0,145 0,100 0,145 070 105	0,159 0,110	0,172
0,063	6 0,063	0,075	0,088 0,127 0,1 0,1	0,100 0,145 070 105	0,110	0,119
			0,127 0,1	0,145 070 105		
0,090	1 0,090	0,108	0,1	070	0,159	0,172
			0,	105		
			0,	105		
			0,	170		
			0,5	245		
			0,	170		
			0,	245		
3)	od ³⁾					
3)	od ³⁾					

Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
For non-cracked concrete C20/25										
	δνο	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
All temperatures	δν∞	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05
For cracked concrete C20/25										
	δνο	[mm/(kN)]			0,11	0,10	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,07
All temperatures	δνω	[mm/(kN)]		-	0,17	0,15	0,14	0,13	0,12	0,10
Mungo Injection System MIT-SE Plus for concrete										
Application with threaded rod Displacements							Annex 21			

Page 31 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Non-cracked		Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
	concret	e C20/25	J								
40°C/24°C ²⁾	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,028	0,031	0,036	0,043	0,047	0,052
	δ _{Ν∞}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,030	0,033	0,037	0,041	0,045	0,052	0,061	0,071	0,075
	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,120
80°C/50°C ²⁾	δ _{Noo}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,18
	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126
120°C/72°C ²⁾	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,18
Cracked conc	rete C2	0/25									
0)	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]						0,070			
40°C/24°C ²⁾	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]		-				0,105			
	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]						0,170			
80°C/50°C ²⁾	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		-				0,245			
40000 (7000 2)	δ _{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]						0,170			
120°C/72°C ²⁾	δ _{N∞}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	1	-				0,245			
Anchor size re	einforci	ng bar	Ø8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Non-cracked	concret	e C20/25								r	r
All	δνο	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
temperatures	δv∞	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04
Cracked conc	rete C2	0/25									
411	δνο	[mm/(kN)]		2	0,11	0,11	0,10	0,09	0,08	0,07	0,06
emperatures	δ _{V∞}	[mm/(kN)]			0,17	0,16	0,15	0,14	0,12	0,11	0,10
		ng term load = δ _{V∞} · V _d ad)	j/ 1, 4 ,								
(V _d : design											

English translation prepared by DIBt



Design according to TR 045; Design under seismic action

The decision of the selection of the seismic performance category is in the responsibility of each individual Member State.

Furthermore, the values of $a_g \cdot S$ assigned to the seismicity levels may be different in the National Annexes to EN 1998-1:2004 (EC8) compared to the values given in Table 18.

The recommended category C1 and C2 given in Table 18 are given in the case that no National requirements are defined.

Table 18: Recommended seismic performance categories for anchors

Seismicity level ^{a)}		Importance Class acc. to EN 1998-1:2004, 4.2.5					
	a _g ⋅S ^{c)}	I	II	Ш	IV		
Very low ^{b)}	a _g ·S ≤ 0,05 g	No additional requirement					
Low ^{b)}	0,05 g < a _g ·S ≤ 0,1 g	C1	C1 ^{d)} or C2 ^{e)}		C2		
< Low ^{b)}	a _g ⋅S > 0,1 g	C1	C2				

^{a)} The values defining the seismicity levels may be found in the National Annex of EN 1998-1.

^{b)} Definition according to EN 1998-1:2004, 3.2.1.

^{c)} a_g = Design ground acceleration on Type A ground (EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.1),

S = Soil factor (see e.g. EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.2).

d) C1 attachments of non-structural elements

e) C2 for connections between structural elements of primary and/or secondary seismic members

Calculation of characteristic seismic resistance $R_{k,\text{seis}}$

Tension load:	$R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot \alpha_{N,seis} \cdot R^0_{\ k}$							
	with $R_{k}^{0} = N_{Rk,s}$, $N_{Rk,p}$, $N_{Rk,c}$, $N_{Rk,sp}$ (calculation according to CEN/TS 1992-4 or TR029) $\alpha_{N,seis} = see$ Table 19 or Table 20 for $N_{Rk,s}$ and $N_{Rk,p}$ $\alpha_{N,seis} = 1,0$ for $N_{Rk,c}$ and $N_{Rk,sp}$ $\alpha_{gap} = see$ Table 21 $\alpha_{seis} = see$ Table 21							
Shear load:	$\mathbf{R}_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot \alpha_{V,seis} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{k}^{u}$							
	with $R_{k}^{0} = V_{Rk,s}$, $V_{Rk,c}$, $V_{Rk,cp}$ (calculation according to CEN/TS 1992-4 or TR029) $\alpha_{V,seis} = see$ Table 19 or Table 20 for $V_{Rk,s}$ $\alpha_{V,seis} = 1,0$ for $V_{Rk,c}$ and $V_{Rk,cp}$ $\alpha_{gap} = see$ Table 21 $\alpha_{seis} = see$ Table 21							
Mungo Injection Syst	tem MIT-SE Plus for concrete							

Design according to TR 045; Design under seismic action

Annex 23

Page 33 of European technical approval ETA-10/0130 of 20 June 2013



Table 19: Reduction factors $\alpha_{N,seis}$ and $\alpha_{V,seis}$ for seismic design category C1 for threaded rods										
Anchor size threaded rods				M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Tension l	oad					1		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Steel failure		1,0								
Combined p	oull-out and concrete failure (N _{Bk,p})	α _{N,seis} α _{N,seis}	[-] [-]	0,68	0,68 0,68 0,69 0,69 0,69					
Shear loa	d									
Steel failure	e without lever arm (V _{Bk,s})	α _{V,seis}	[-]		0,70					
Table 20: Reduction factors $\alpha_{N,seis}$ and $\alpha_{V,seis}$ for seismic design category C1 for reinforcing bar										
Anchor si	ze reinforcing bar			Ø 12	Ø14 Ø	16 Ø 20) Ø 2	5 Ø 28	Ø 32	
Tension le	oad									
Steel failure	e (N _{Rk,s})	α _{N,seis}	[-]			1,0				
Combined p	bull-out and concrete failure ($N_{Rk,p}$)	α _{N,seis}	[-]	0,68	0,68 0,6	8 0,68	3 0,69	0,69	0,69	
Shear loa	d		0							
Steel failure	e without lever arm (V _{Rk,s})	α _{V,seis}	[-]			0,70)			
Table 21: Reduction factors α_{gap} and α_{seis} for resistance under seismic actions										
Loading	Failure modes				α _{gap}	α _{seis} - 9 faste		α _{seis} - Fa gro		
	Steel failure				1,0	1,	1,0		1,0	
	Pull-out failure				1,0	1,	,0 0,		35	
Tension	Combined pull-out and concrete fa		1,0	1,		0,8				
	Concrete cone failure		1,0	0,8		0,7				
	Splitting failure				1,0 0,5 ¹⁾	1,		0,8		
	Steel failure without lever arm Steel failure with lever arm				0,5 ²	1, NPI		0,8 NPI		
Shear	Concrete edge failure		0,5 ¹⁾	1,		0,8				
	Concrete pry-out failure		0,5 1)	0,8		0,75				
¹⁾ The limitation for size of the clearance hole is given in TR 029 Table 4.1, $\alpha_{gap} = 1,0$ in case of no clearance between fastener and fixture ²⁾ No Performance Determined										
Mungo Ir	njection System MIT-SE Plus	for concre	ete					_		
Design according to TR 045; Reduction factors Annex 24										